

Enhanced PENT Design: Final Presentation

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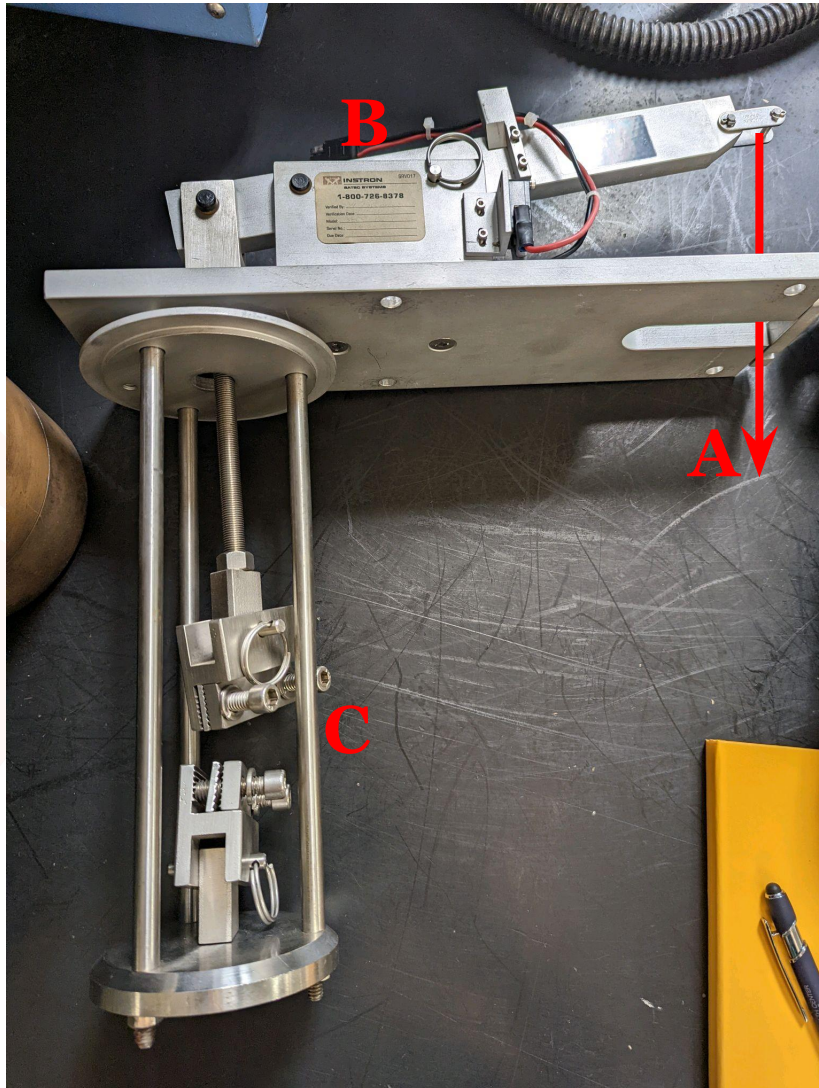


Overview

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3. Assembly Prototype
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Introduction

Project Background



- Corporate Sponsor: GTI Energy
- Polyethylene applied to hydrogen transport pipes
- PENT (Pennsylvania Notch Tensile) Test
 - Initiates crack propagation in notched specimen
 - Notch made by 0.2 mm thick blade
 - Evaluates creep in resins
 - Records time to failure: 2,000 - 20,000 hr average
- Critical Components
 - A. Constant load on end of lever arm
 - B. Lever arm fulcrum
 - C. Specimen clamps
 - D. Time-to-failure indicator

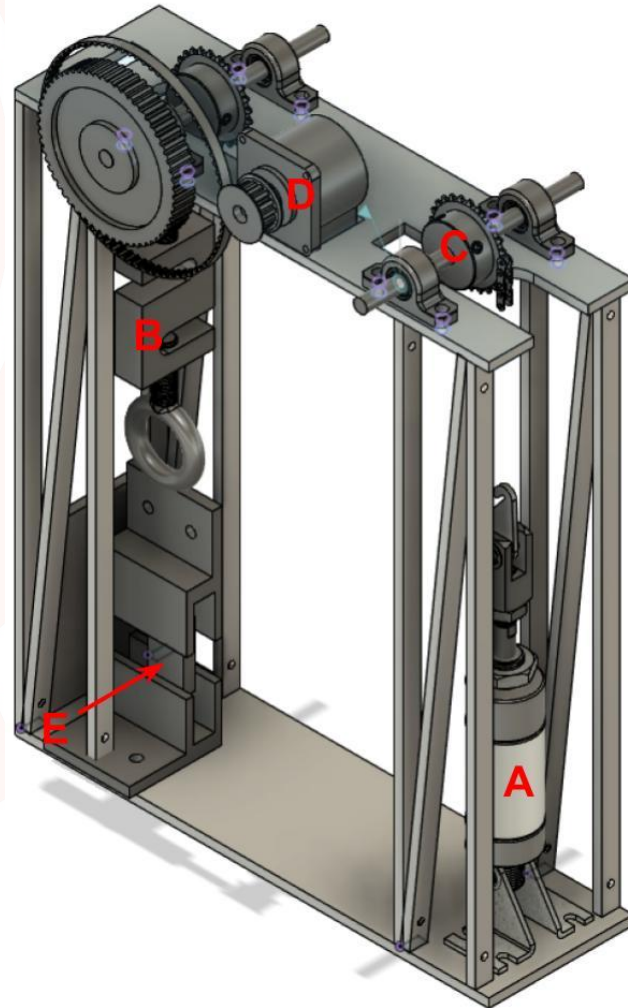
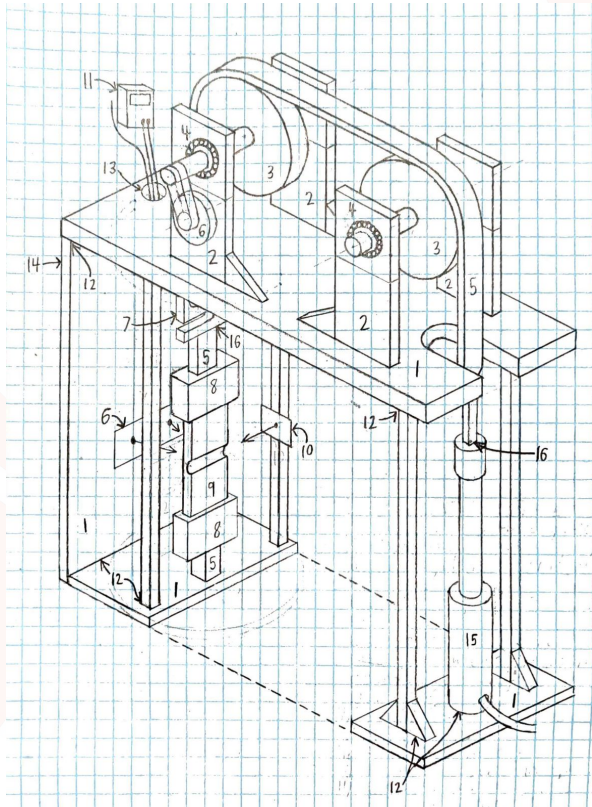


Problem Statement

- Current PENT Tester only collects time-to-failure
- **Enhanced PENT Design Deliverables:**
 - Additional Data-Logging
 - Displacement
 - Visualization of crack propagation
 - Time-to-failure
 - Replace the current lever weight application system to eliminate the issue of a changing moment arm
- **ASTM F1473** Test Method for Notch Tensile Test to Measure the Resistance to Slow Crack Growth of Polyethylene Pipes and Resins

Final Design

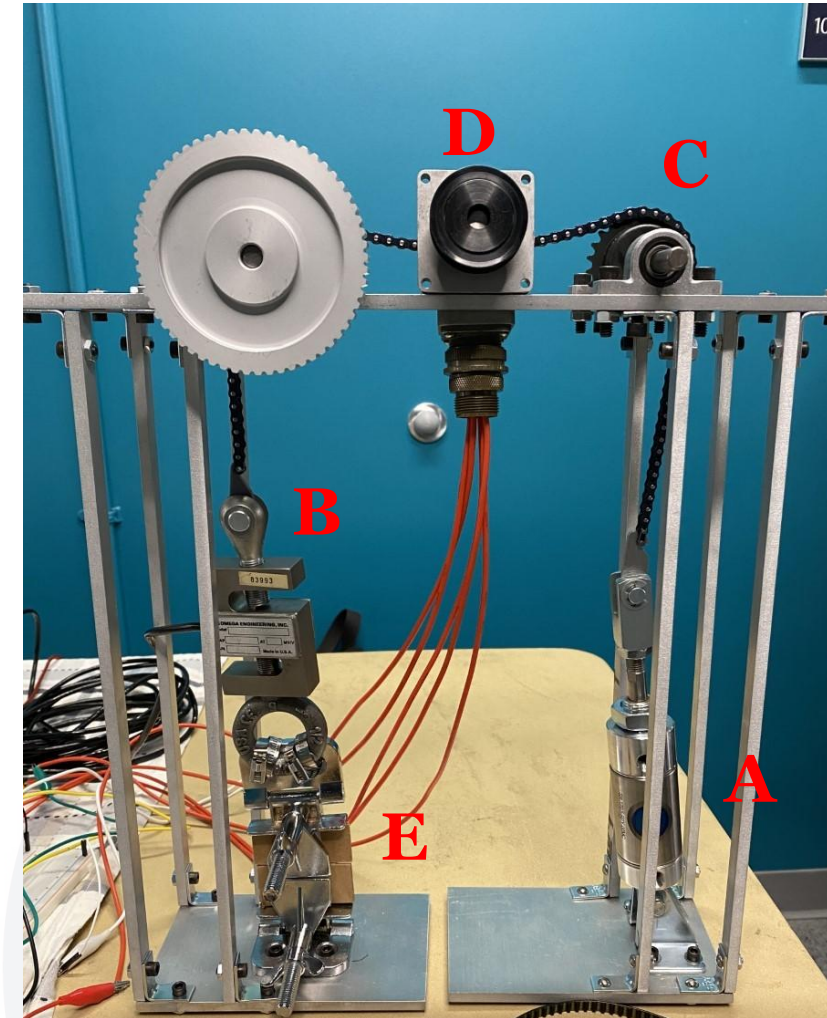
Design Considerations



- A. Pneumatic loading
- B. Load cell feedback
- C. Pulley system replacing lever arm
- D. Encoder
- E. Specimen Clamp
- F. Cross-section camera monitor
- G. Aluminum frame with added support
- H. Digital Image Correlation (DIC)

Final Prototype & Subsystem Test

- Individual subsystem testing:
 - Load Cell
 - Encoder
 - Pneumatic system
 - Digital Image Correlation (DIC)
- **ASTM F1473** Standard Constraints:
 - Temperature 80°C (+/-0.5°C)
 - Time-to-failure (5x at room temp.)



A. Pneumatics and B. Load Cell

Pneumatic system:

- Air Retract Cylinder
- Single Acting
- Pressure needed: 80 psi
 - $P = (\text{Bore Area}) \times (\text{Desired Force})$
- 2.4 MPa engineering stress (+/-0.5%)
- Unknown friction

S-type Load Cell:

- Measures the tensile load in lbf
- Ensure expected 135 lbf load
- Max load 500 lbf



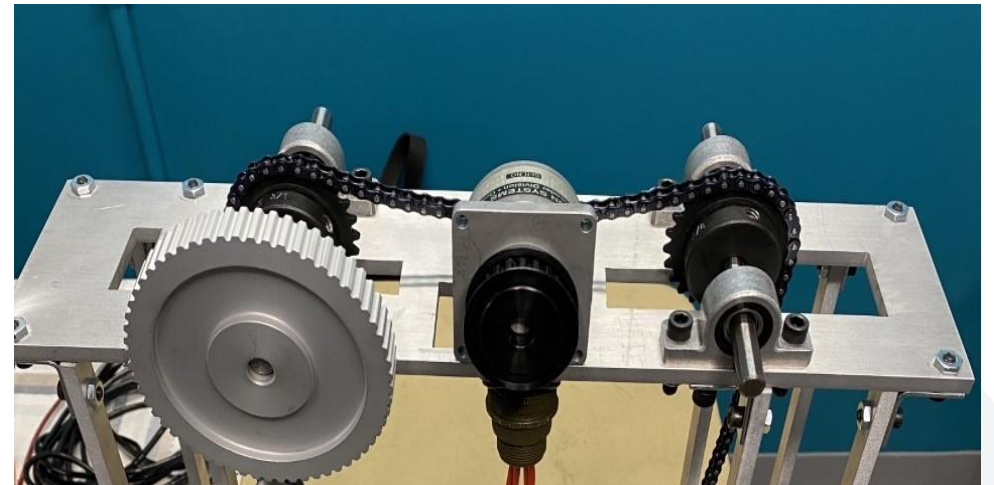
C. Pulley and D. Encoder

Pulley System:

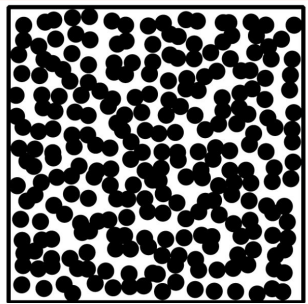
- Provides constant loading on specimen
- Connects pneumatic system and resin clamps

Encoder:

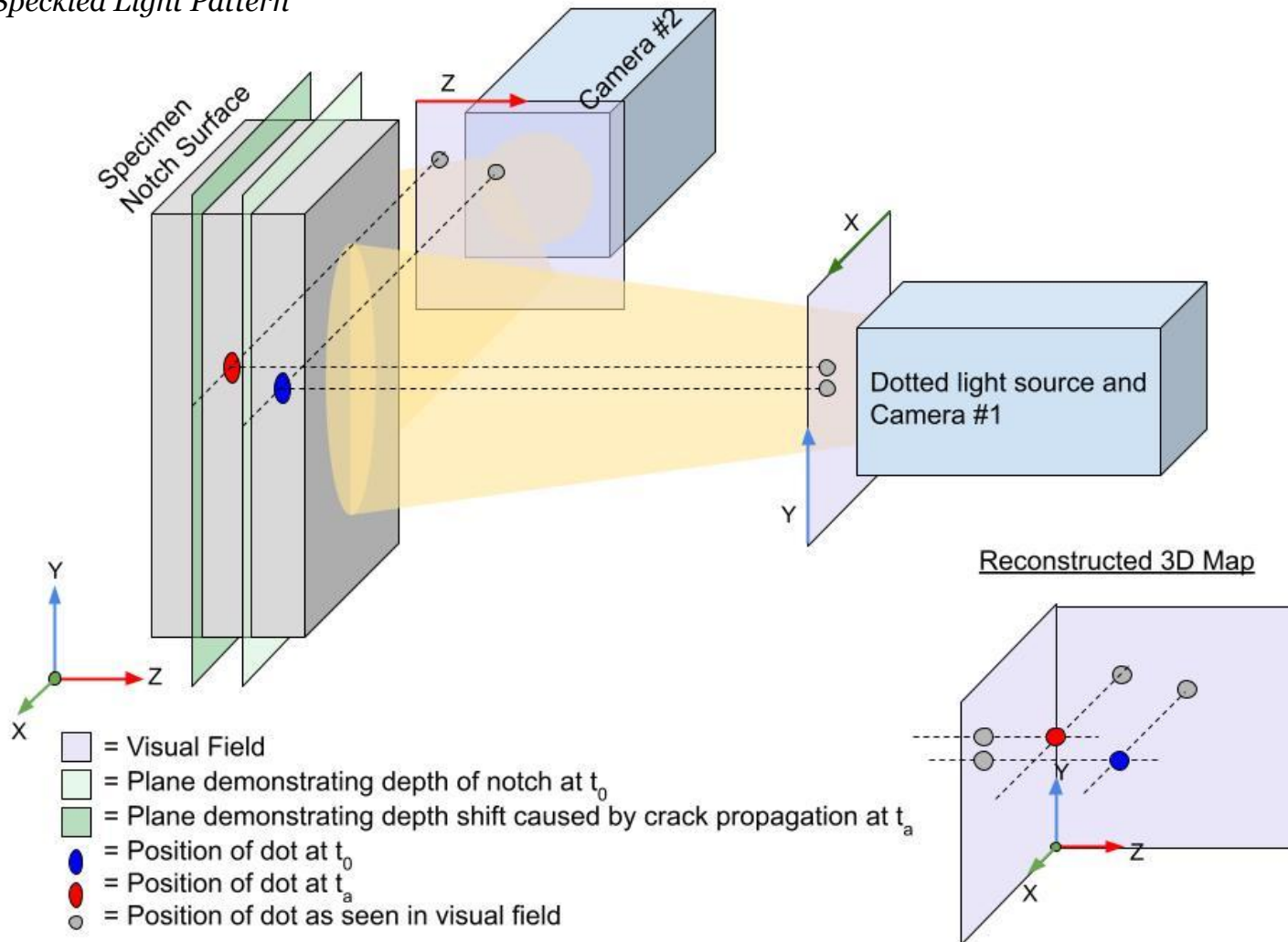
- Encoder system records the displacement and time-of-failure of resin specimen
- Encoder stops time when rotational velocity hits certain value



E. Digital Image Correlation



Speckled Light Pattern

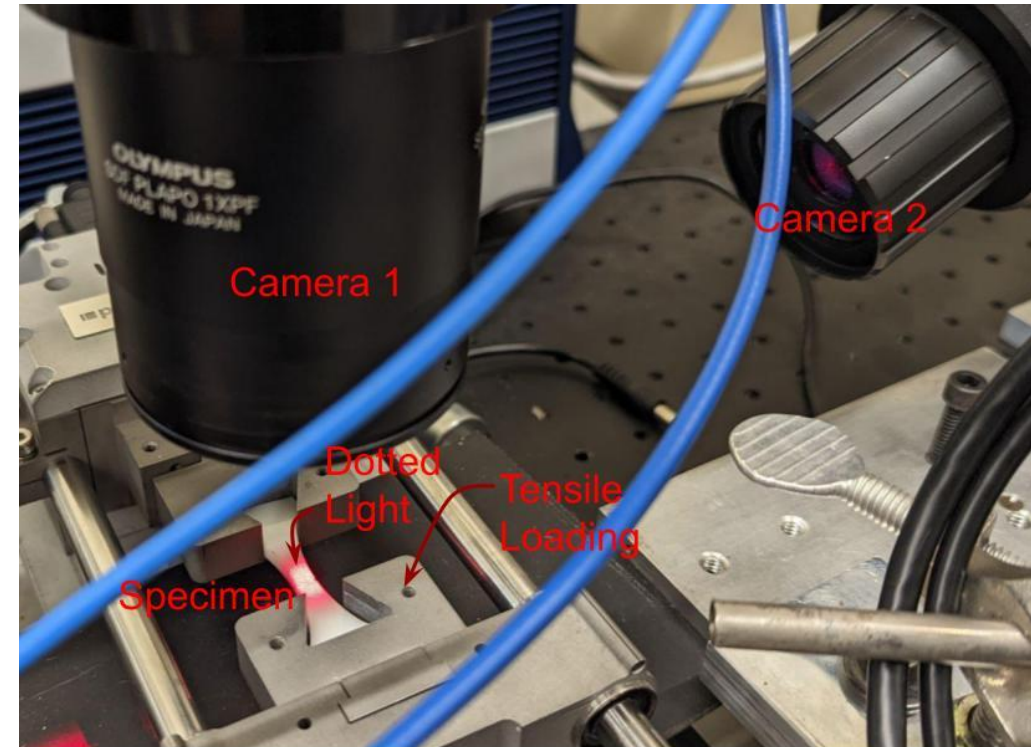


- Dotted light projects onto notched surface
- Dots change position as surface cracks form
 - Deviates from etched reference of dot position
- Stereo camera setup captures visual change
- Data is processed into 3D map of surface

E. Digital Image Correlation

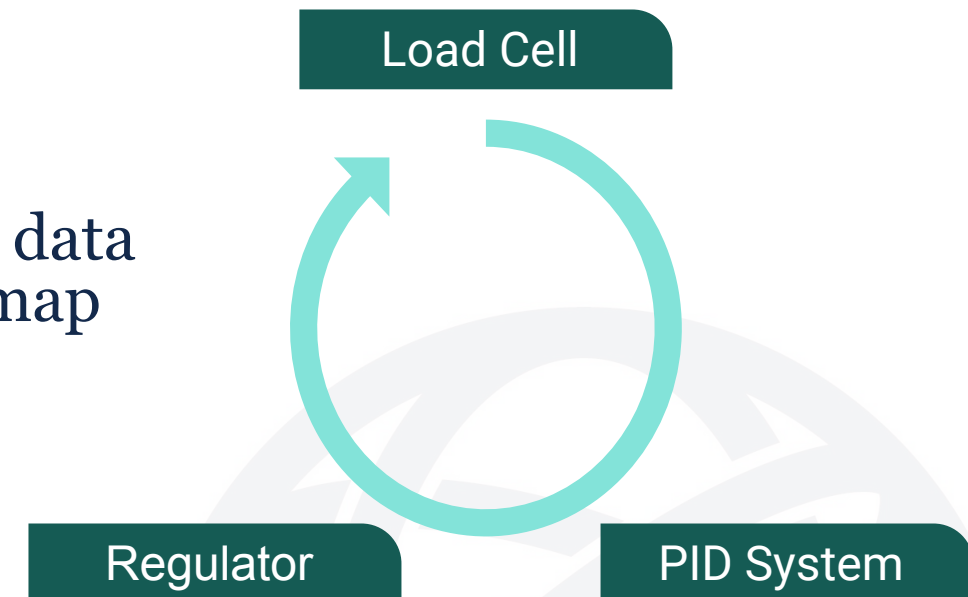
Our System:

- AMTEL (Advanced Materials Testing and Evaluation Lab)
- Dotted light source - Laser Speckle Interferometry
- Stereo microscope, one front camera and one side camera
- Generates data at time intervals
- Challenges zooming into GTI specimen notch
 - Insufficient zoom, few pixels of width
 - Low depth of field



Data Logging

- Deformation
 - Encoder with gearing system
 - Connected to Arduino/DAQ
 - Data can be further analyzed
- Crack Visualization vs Time
 - Digital Image Correlation - stereo camera data
 - Two visual planes plot dot shifts into 3D map
- Specimen Load
 - Pneumatic Rig
 - Load monitored via change in voltage
 - PID control for pressure regulation



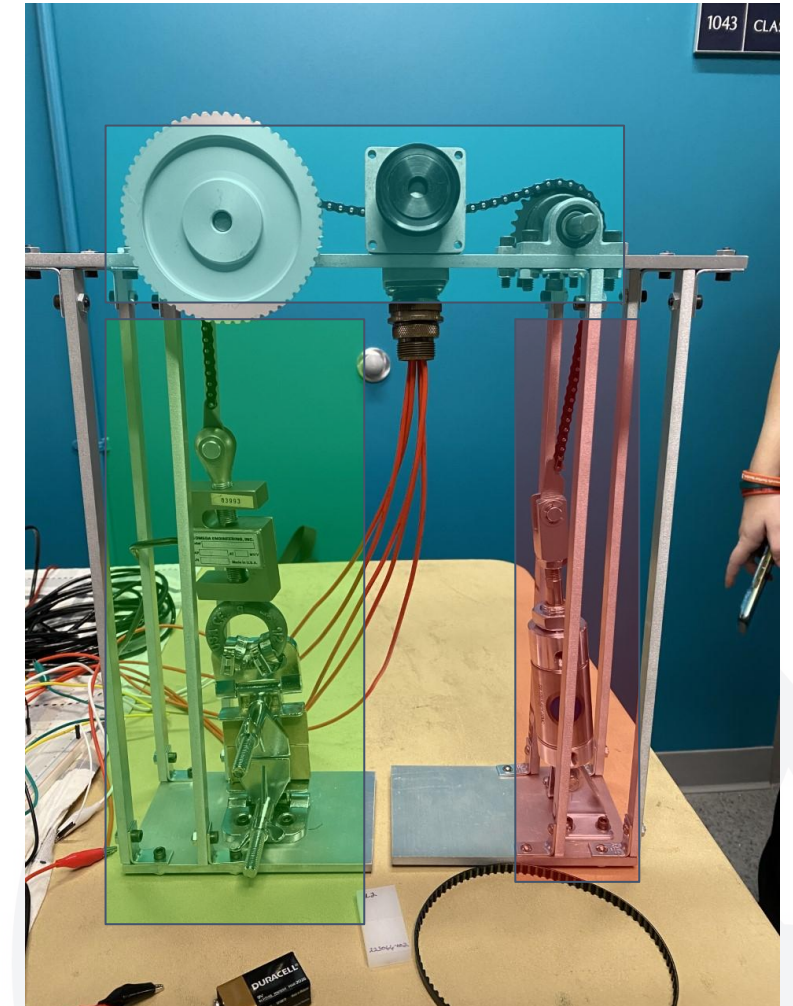
Assembly of Prototype

Bill of Materials

Item Name	Description (Include part # if available)	Source/Vendor	Link (for external)	Quantity	Unit Cost (\$)	Total Cost (\$)	Purchased / Ordered?	Delivered?	Picked-up?
Aluminum plate	89155K11, 0.25 inch thick, 12" by 24" option	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/89155K11	1	112.06	112.06	yes	yes	yes
1" Brackets	Fix pillar supports to top and bottom plate	Innovation Studio	https://innovationstudio.mechse.edu/	16	0.50	8	yes	yes	yes
Chain	6261K171	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/6261K171	3 ft	5.88	17.64	yes	yes	yes
Sprocket	2737T181	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/2737T181	2	18.81	37.62	yes	yes	yes
Mounted Sleeve Bearing	2820T5	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/2820T5	4	19.03	76.12	yes	yes	yes
Shaft	3/8" from innovation studio	Innovation Studio	https://innovationstudio.mechse.edu/	1	13	13	yes	yes	yes
Bearing bolts	0.5 in	Innovation Studio		8	0.5	4	yes	yes	yes
Bearing nuts		Innovation Studio		8	0.25	2	yes	yes	yes
Encoder	borrowing from ME 470	ME 470			0	0	yes	yes	yes
Encoder screws	Fix encoder to base	Innovation Studio	https://innovationstudio.mechse.edu/	6	0.5	3	yes	yes	yes
7-Pin Encoder Connector	97-3106A-16S-1S-ND, Encoder connection to DAQ	DigiKey	https://www.digikey.com/en/products/detail/97-3106A-16S-1S-ND	1	27.54	27.54	yes	yes	yes
16-Gauge Electrical Wire	Wire encoder to DAQ	ECE Storeroom	https://www.mcmaster.com/80524000	1	25.83	25.83	yes	yes	yes
Timing Belt Pulley XL Series	1.401" pitch diameter	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/6498K258	1	32.02	32.02	yes	yes	yes
Timing Belt Pulley XL Series	3.82" pitch diameter	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/12771000	1	42.58	42.58	yes	yes	yes
Timing Belt	17.6" Length	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/16791000	1	6.72	6.72	yes	yes	yes
Pneumatic Cylinder	6498K258	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/6498K258	1	59.31	59.31	yes	yes	yes
Rod Clevis	6498K44	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/6498K44	1	11.63	11.63	yes	yes	yes
Cylinder Mounting	6498K73, Needs to be welded to base	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/6498K73	1	13.10	13.1	yes	yes	yes
Pneumatic tubing	5138K999, black, 2 ft, EPDM Air Hose with Brass 1/8 NPTF	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/catalog	1	26	26	yes	no	no
Arduino Mega Board 2560	DEV-09949 / DEV-1106 Stock number: 110309461	ECE Supply Store	ECE Supply Store Catalog	1	56.52	56.52	yes	yes	yes
HX711	1568-1436-ND	Digi-Key	Digi-Key	1	10.95	10.95	yes	yes	yes
Load Cell	Loan from Professor Johnson	ME 470	https://blhnel.com/pca/detail/	1	0	0	yes	yes	yes
AMTEL stereo microscope and DIC	Digital image correlation specialized equipment daily use	AMTEL	https://amtel.illinois.edu/facilities	1	50	50	yes	yes	yes
AMTEL staff hourly time	Necessary for running test to collect visual DIC data	AMTEL	https://amtel.illinois.edu/facilities	2	35	70	yes	yes	yes
Steel cable ties	6898K48, for connecting clamps to eye bolt	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/6898K48	8	2.94	23.52	yes	yes	yes
Eye Bolt	3013T344, for mounting specimen rig to load cell and frame	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/3013T344	2	5.45	10.9	yes	yes	yes
Butterfly clamps	Clamping onto specimen	Walmart	https://www.walmart.com/ip/IN	1	12.39	12.39	yes	yes	yes
Externally Threaded Clevis Rod End	4749T14, right-handed	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/4749T14	1	8.32	8.32	yes	yes	yes
Clevis Pin	92735A169	McMasterCarr	https://www.mcmaster.com/92735A169	1	7.6	7.6	yes	yes	yes
Project Total						\$768.37			

Assembly Performance

- Mechanism Frame
 - FEA validated to withstand 135 lbf
 - Corrosion resistant
- Pulley System
 - Allows for smooth motion of chain
 - Encoder code validated for measuring/time to failure
- Pneumatic System
 - Load cell validated for tensile loading
- Specimen Rig
 - Able to firmly grasp material with use of buffer material



Summary and Recommendations

- Enhanced PENT Design
 - Displacement - Arduino
 - Time-to-failure - Arduino
 - Engineering stress - PID feedback system
 - Crack propagation map - Digital Image Correlation
- Future Steps:
 - Integrate design to thermal chamber
 - High strength connections
 - Enhance visibility of specimen for optical equipment
 - Customize clamping and revise position

Thank you!

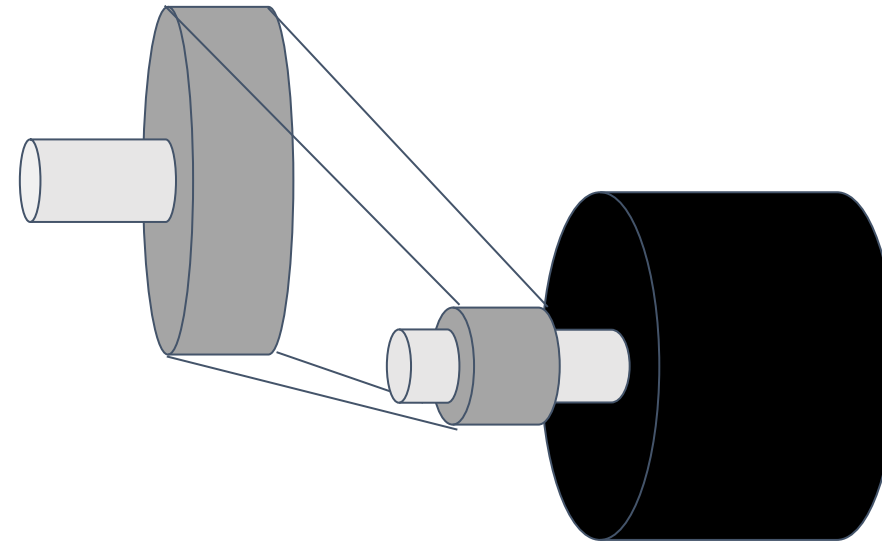
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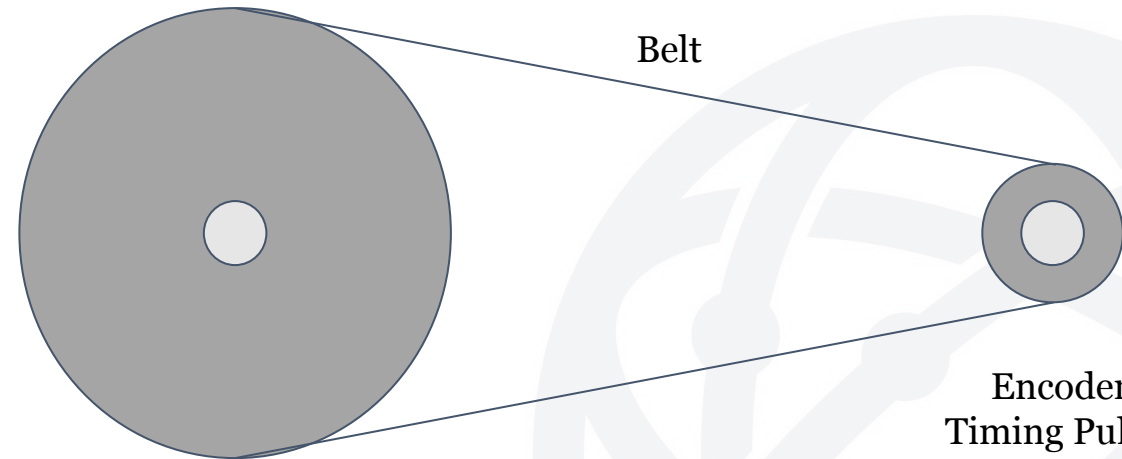
Back up

- Maximum specimen separation until test termination (per print): 0.5 inches
- Pulses Per Resolution
 - 360
- Resolution without gearing
 - $12.7 \text{ mm} / 360 \text{ PPR} = 0.035 \text{ mm per pulse}$
- Resolution with gearing
 - Shaft Pulley no. of teeth: 60
 - Encoder Pulley no. of teeth: 22
 - New PPR: $360 \times (60/22) = 980 \text{ PPR}$
 - $12.7 \text{ mm} / 980 \text{ PPR} = 0.013 \text{ mm per pulse}$

Pulley System Shaft



Encoder



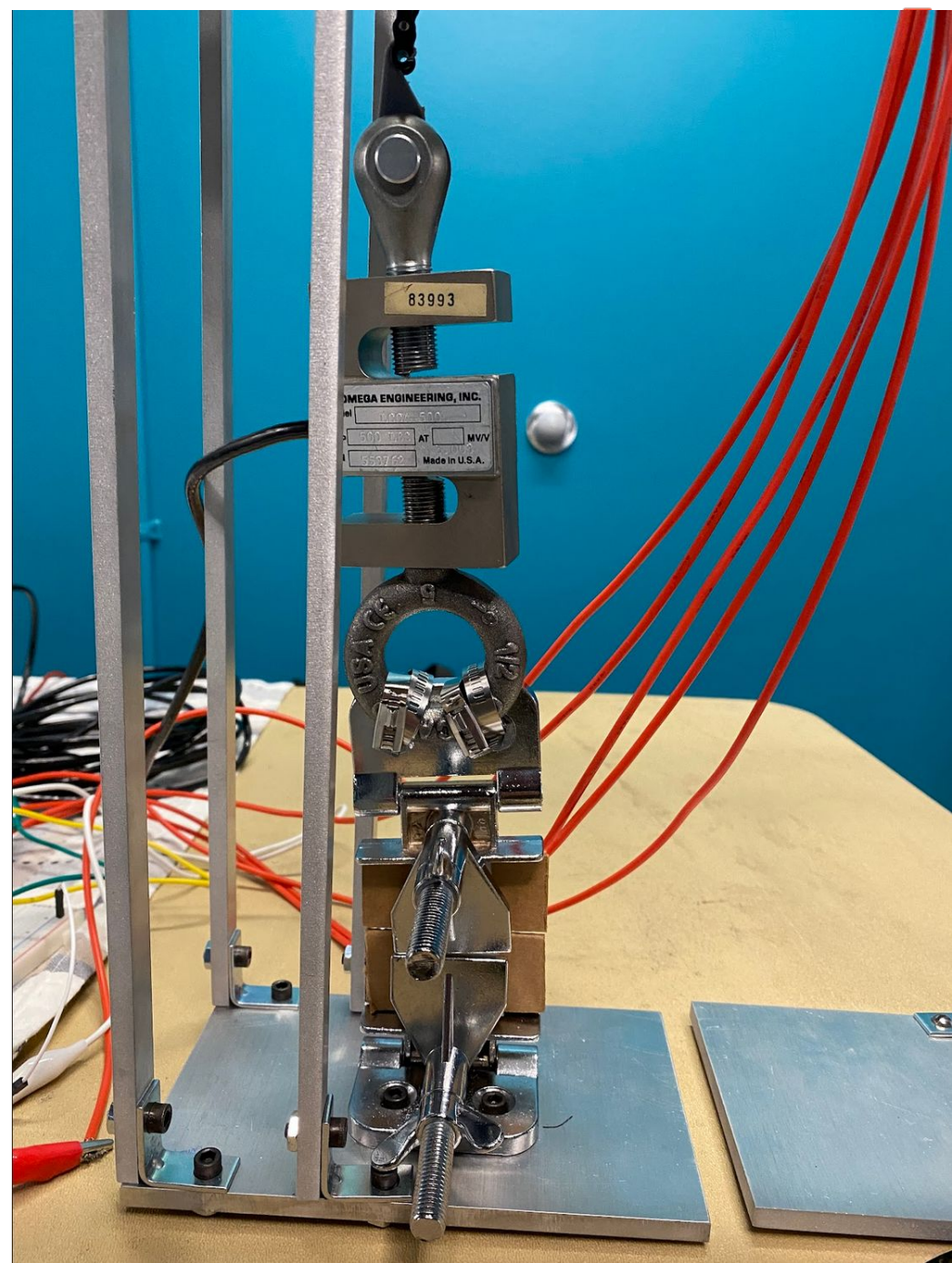
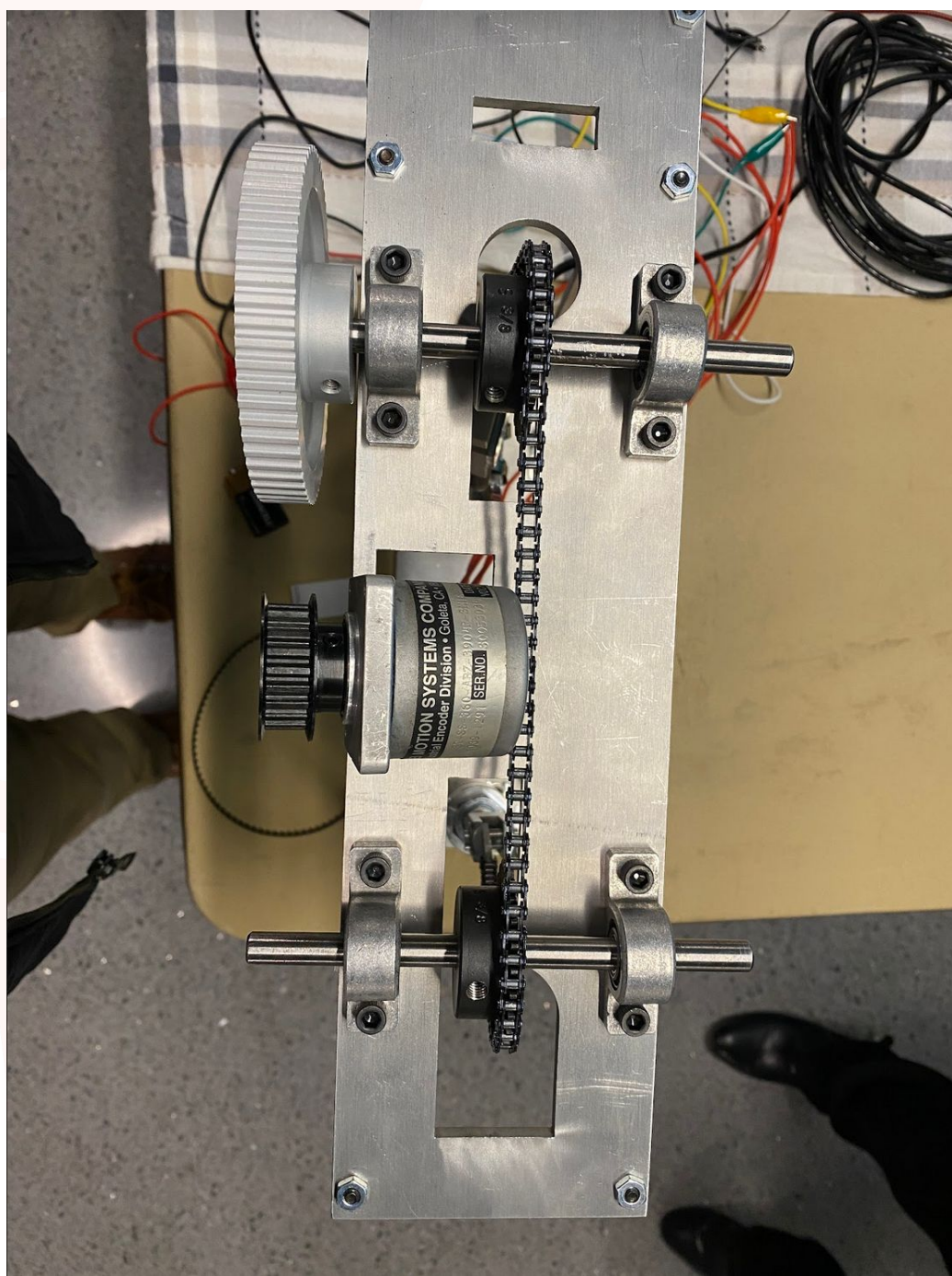
Shaft Timing
Pulley

Encoder
Timing Pulley

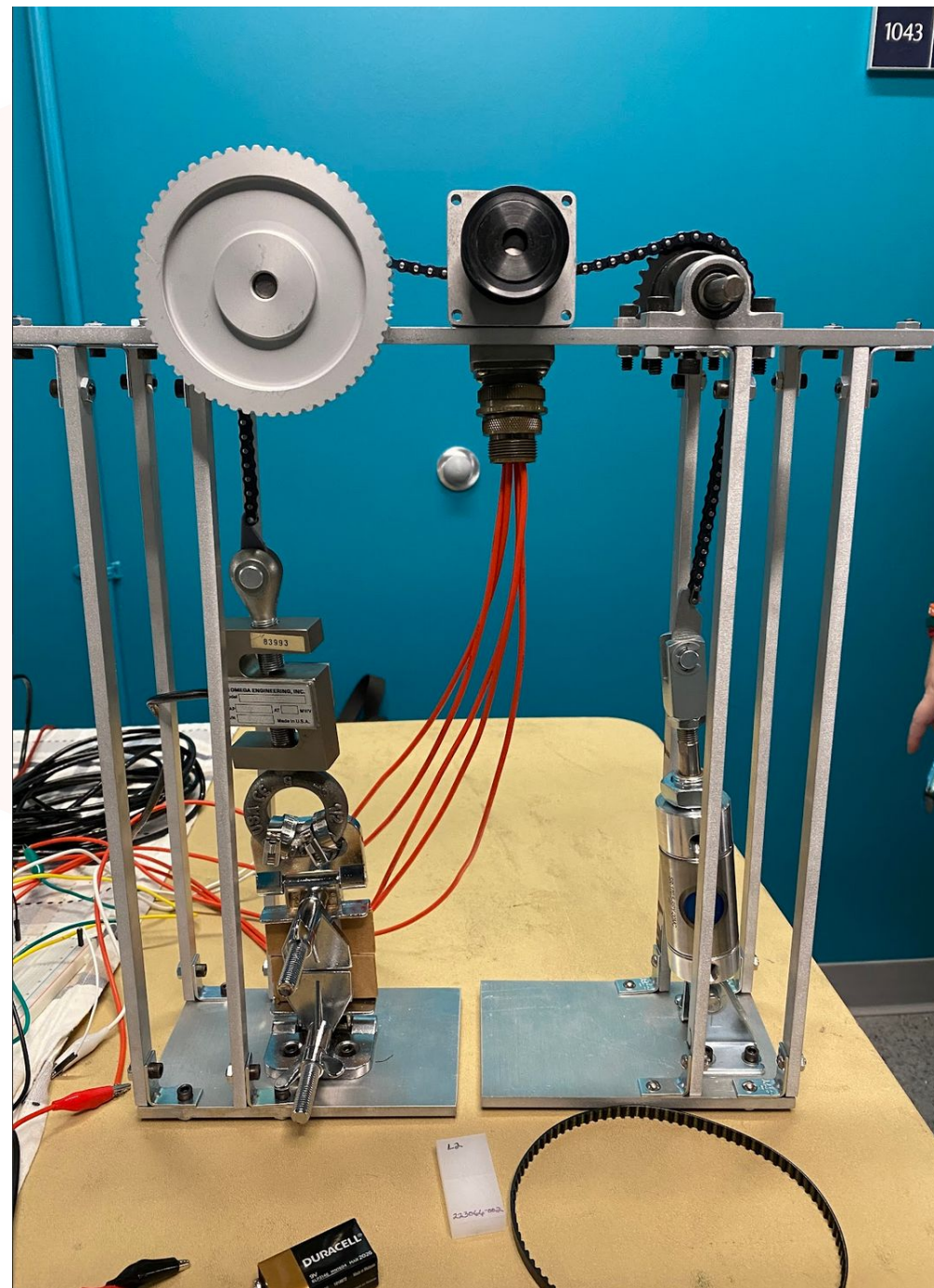
```
1 #include <SimpleFOC.h>
2
3 Encoder encoder = Encoder(2, 3, 360);
4 // interrupt routine initialization
5 void doA(){encoder.handleA();}
6 void doB(){encoder.handleB();}
7 int vv = 0;
8 int elaspse_time = 0;
9 long oldPosition = -999;
10 void setup() {
11     // monitoring port
12     Serial.begin(115200);
13
14     // enable/disable quadrature mode
15     encoder.quadrature = Quadrature::ON;
16
17     // check if you need internal pullups
18     encoder.pullup = Pullup::USE_EXTERN;
19
20     // initialize encoder hardware
21     encoder.init();
22     // hardware interrupt enable
23     encoder.enableInterrupts(doA, doB);
24
25     Serial.println("Encoder ready");
26     _delay(1000);
27 }
28
29 void loop() {
30     // IMPORTANT - call as frequently as possible
31     // update the sensor values
32     encoder.update();
33     // display the angle and the angular velocity to the terminal
34     Serial.println(encoder.getAngle());
35
36     // Velocity Condition
37     if (encoder.getVelocity() > abs(3.0)){
38         exit(0);
39         vv = millis();
40         elaspse_time = millis() - vv;
41         Serial.print(elpapse_time);
42     }
43 }
44
45 }
```

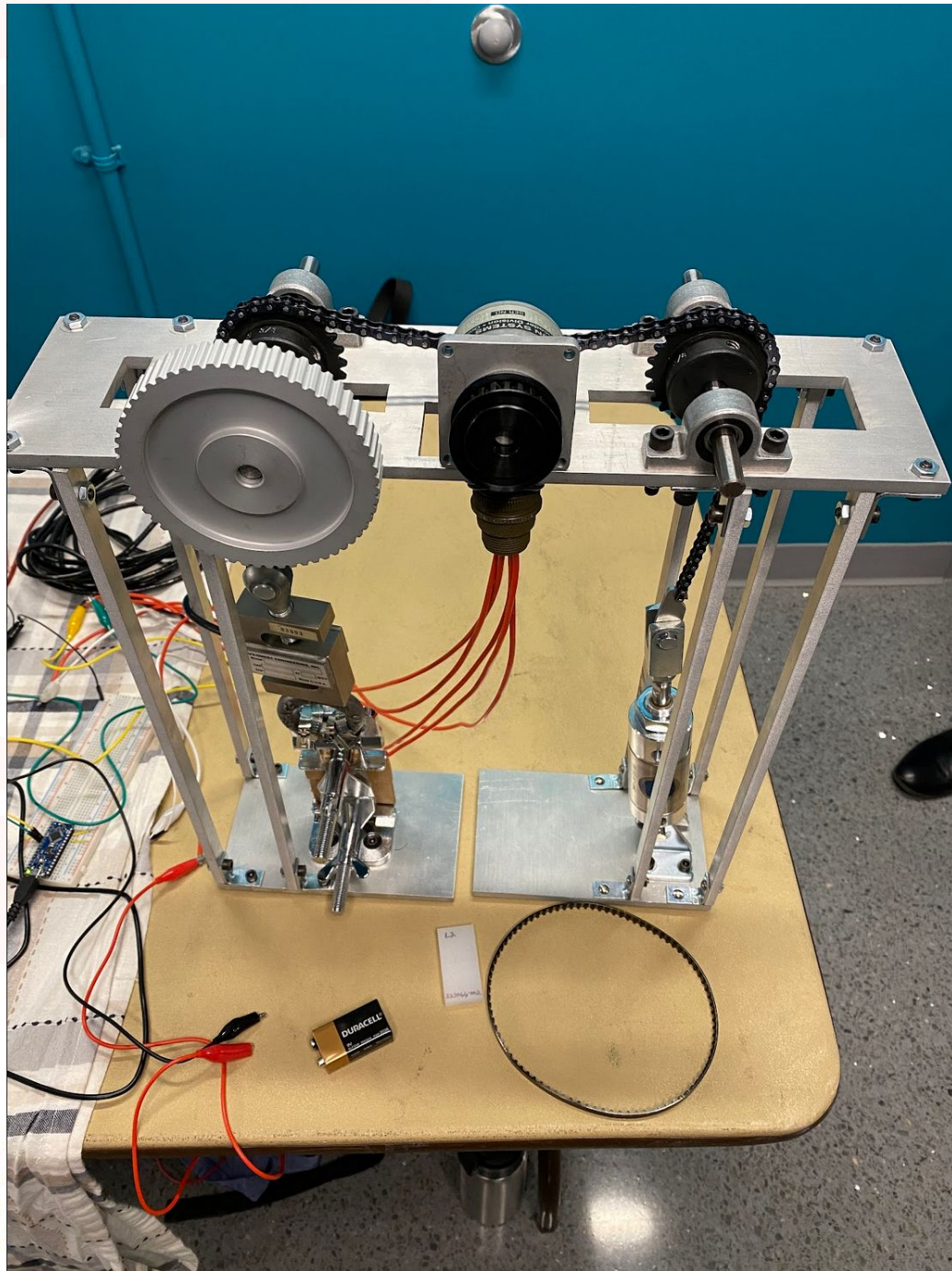


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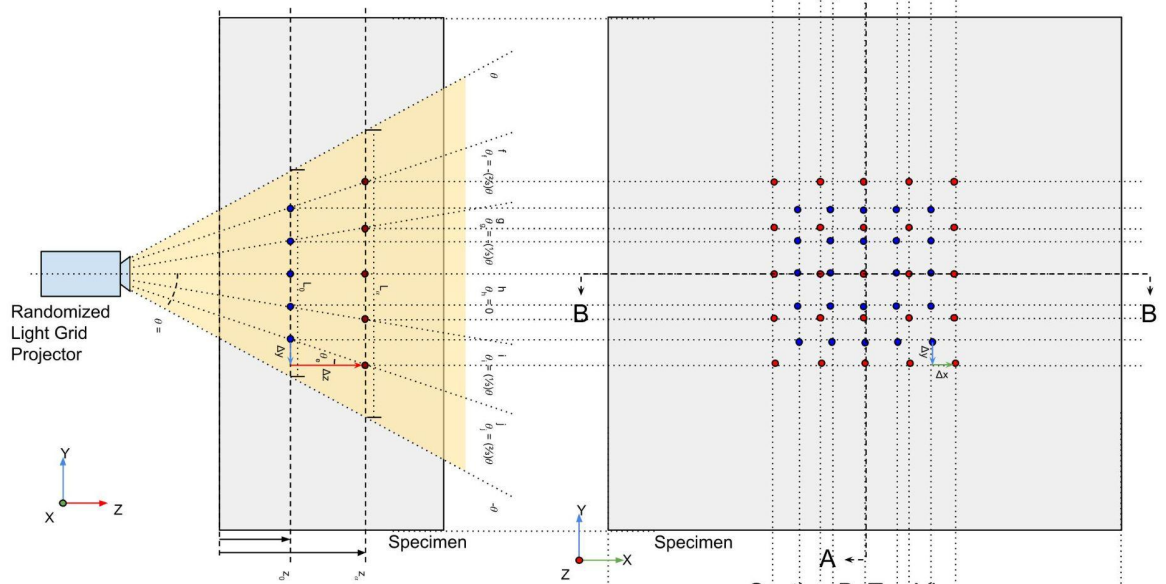




DIC - One Camera + AMTEL Setup

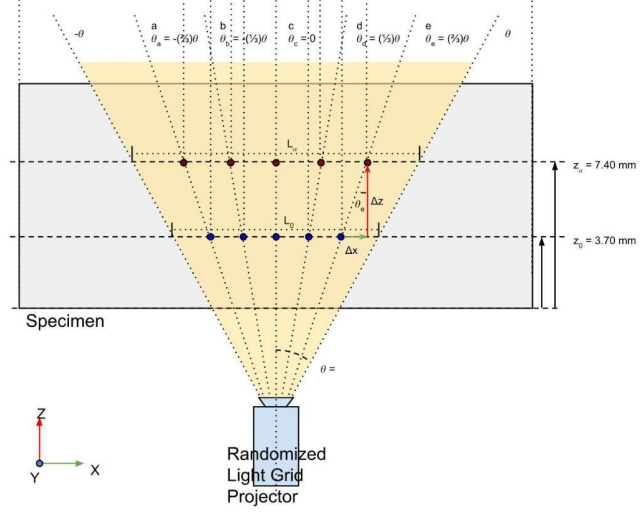


Section A: Side View



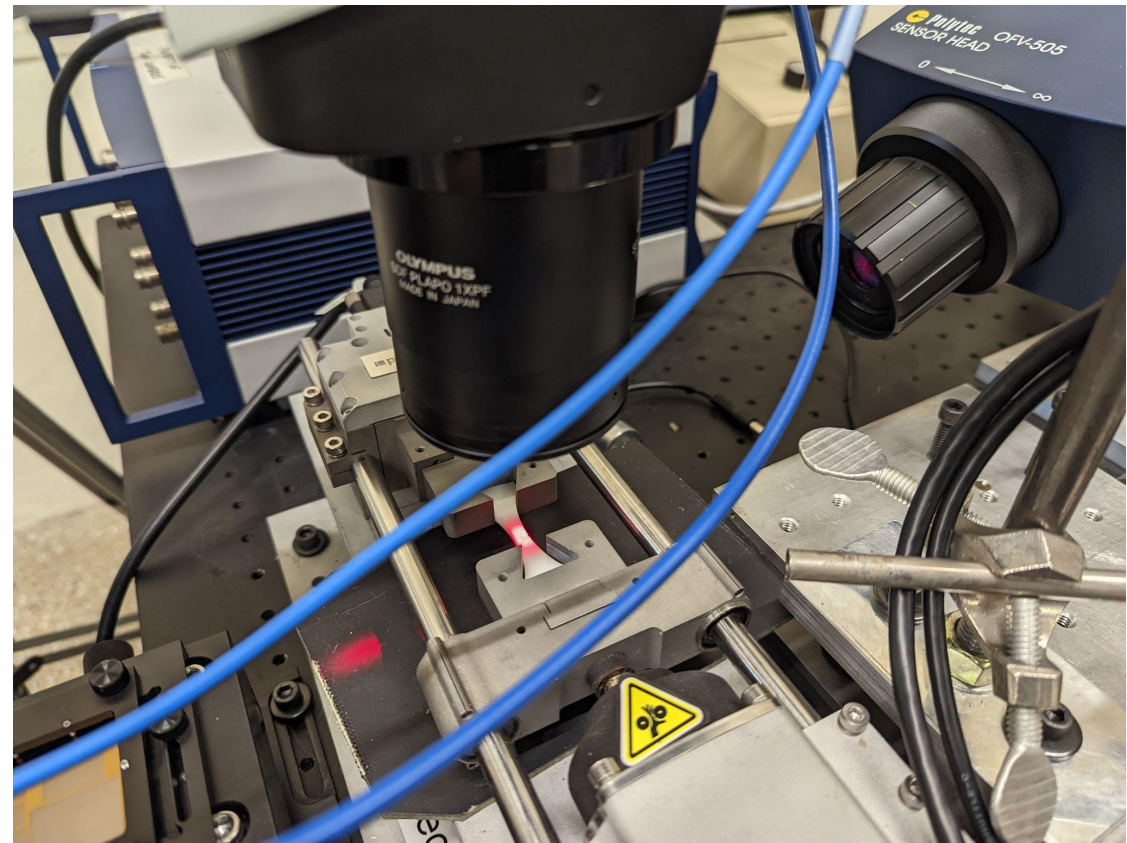
2-D Visual Field: t_0 and t_α
Dot Positions Overlaid

Section B: Top View



- = Initial positions of random projected grid dots (at t_0)
 - = Positions of randomized dots at time step α (t_α)
 - z_0 = Initial Notch Depth (at t_0)
 - z_α = Depth of surface at time step α (t_α) *Example
 - Δx = The x-position change of the randomized dot (t_0 to t_α)
 - Δy = The y-position change of the randomized dot (t_0 to t_α)
 - Δz = The change in z position, or depth, to calculate
- Δx and Δy are measured for each dot using its difference in position between two images of the 2-D visual field, one at t_0 and one at t_α

Change in depth formula:
 $\Delta z = \Delta x / \tan(\theta_0) = \Delta y / \tan(\theta_1)$



Finite Element Analysis

- Applied Load: 150 lbs
- Constraint: Bottom of Frame
- Maximum Stress: 17.35 MPa
- Maximum Displacement:
0.1623 mm
- Material Aluminum
thickness 0.25"
- Yield Strength: 241.32 MPa

